BRINGING NEW PEST MANAGEMENT TECHNOLOGY TO THE FARM: THE ROLE OF UGA RESEARCH AND EXTENSION

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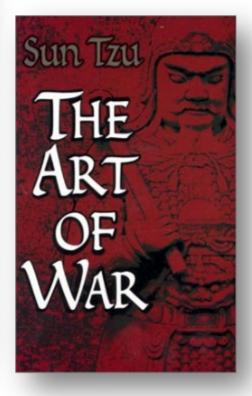
UGA Research & Extension: What we do and why we do it...

• It is said that if you know your enemies and know yourself, you will not be imperiled in a hundred battles...Sun Tzu, The

Art of War (6th century BC)

• Know the crop, know the pest, know the tools, provide that knowledge to growers.







Southern corn rootworm

- Well studied
- Native...it has always been here
- Eats many different plants
- Immature stage lives entirely below ground
- Requires moist soil to survive
- ➤ Where is it a problem?
 - Fields with heavy textured soils and irrigation





History of rootworm management

- In the old days: DDT, diazinon, dyfonate, carbofuran, chlordane
- Chlorpyrifos registered for use in peanut in the 1980's.
 - —Commonly used after that time for insect and disease management
 - →Things change...
 - →Better fungicides
 - →Better understanding of soil insect risk
 - →Chlorpyrifos use declined but continued in areas of high rootworm pressure.





Anew rootworm: Banded cucumber beetle

- Poorly studied
- Not native..tropical origin, not supposed to survive freezing temperatures
- Adapted..survives GA winter
- Immatures appear to survive in soils that are not suitable for SCRW
- Increased abundance in recent years

Chlorpyrifos regulatory history

- Chlorpyrifos received increased regulatory scrutiny
 - 2015: Obama EPA announces plan to ban
 - 2017: Trump EPA responds, Um, no.. we are not going to ban
 - 2019: 9th Circuit Court of Appeals says EPA must provide evidence of safety or ban
 - 2021: Biden EPApublishes rule to cancel all food use tolerances
 - 2022 & 2023: Virtually nothing growers could do to manage RW in peanut.
- UGAPeanut Entomology
 - Tested alternate chemistry
 - Studied rootworm biology
 - Met with EPA scientists
 - Wrote letters &provided use data

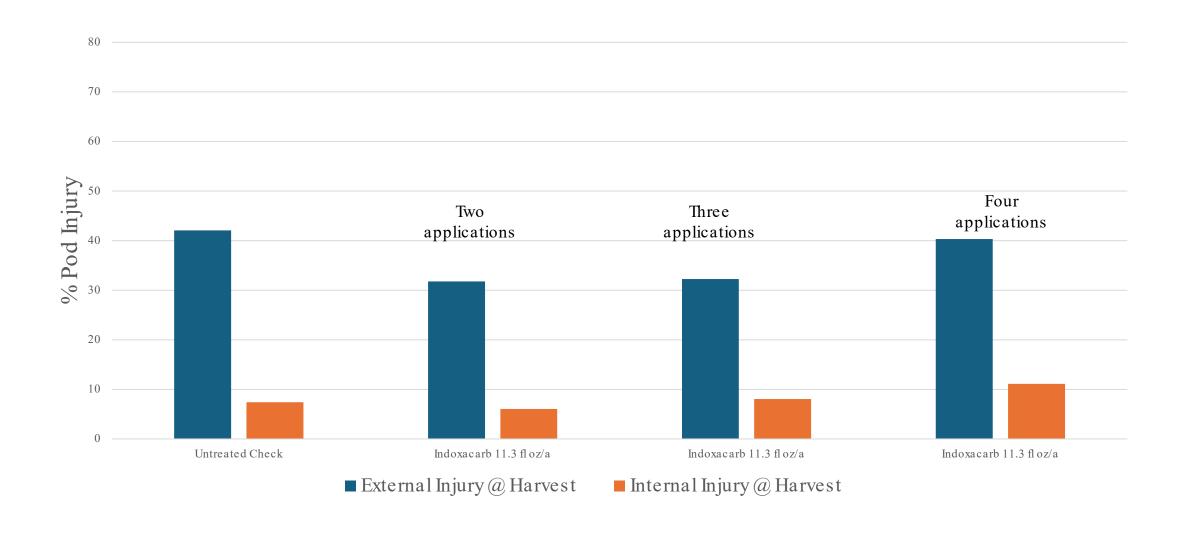




- Biology
- Risk factors
- Cultural practices
- Other insecticides

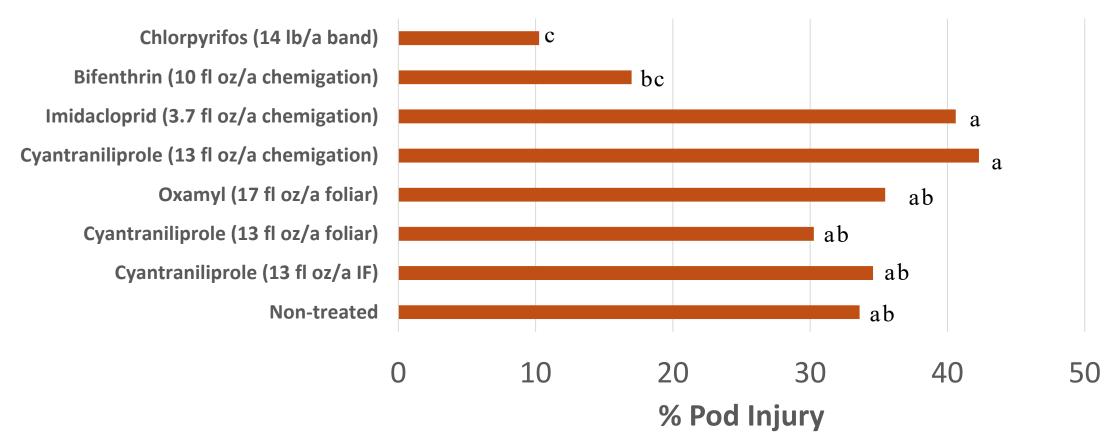


Results: foliar sprays targeting adults



Results: use patterns and AI's targeting larvae





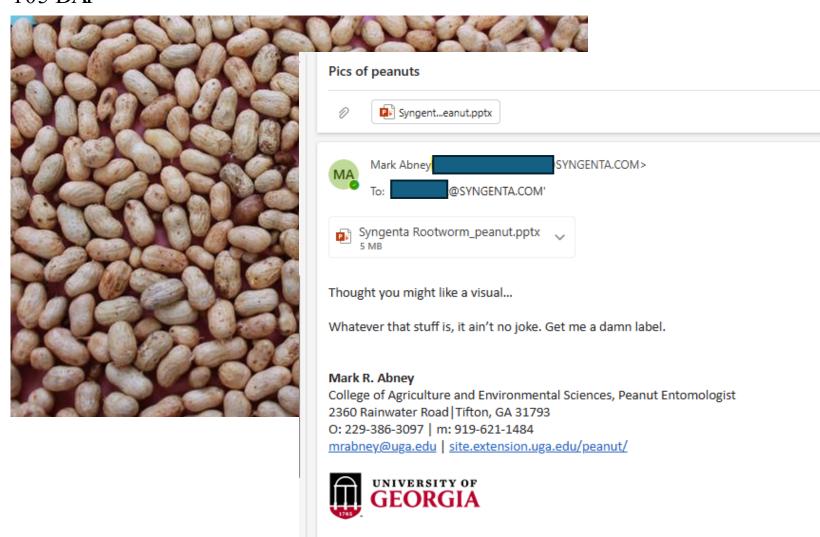
Relationships matter...

"What do y'all need in peanut?" - Syngenta scientist at a meeting in 2018ish.

..and Isaid, "We need something for soil insects, especially rootworm."

and she said, "Hmmm, I might have something for you to look at."

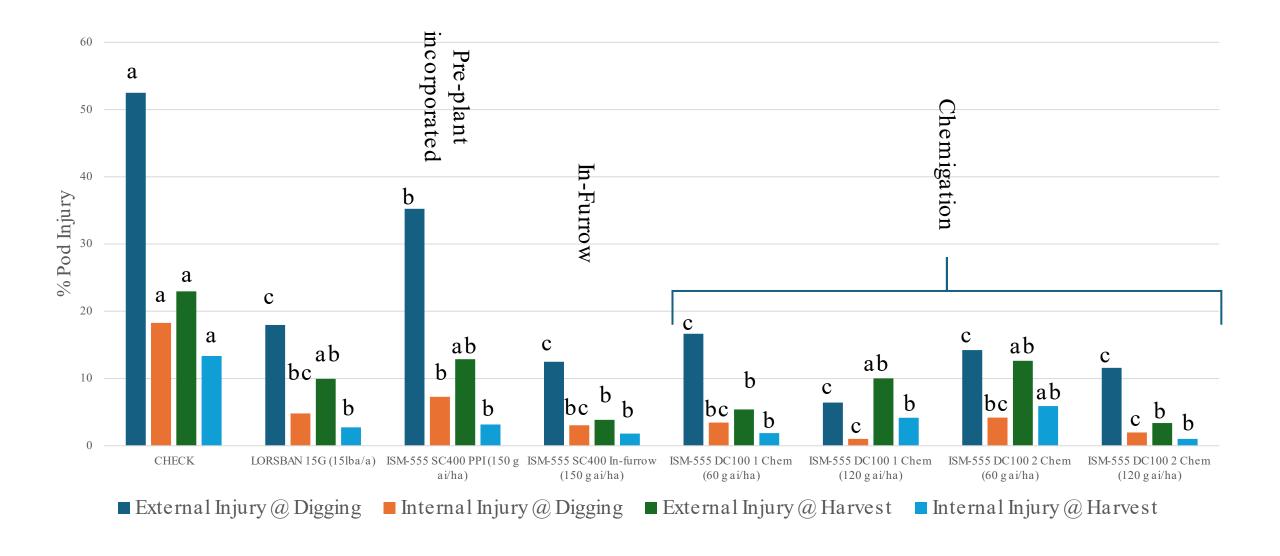
UGA SWREC, Plains, GA 2021 Rootworm Trial A22466 [G] In-furrow at plant 105 DAP



ins, GA2021 Rootworm Trial



Efficacy testing.. use pattern, rate, formulation



Dialing it in...

Mean of % External Pod Damage at Harvest



Mean Peanut Grade 2022-2024 SWREC, Plains, GA b Non-Treated Chlorpyrifos 15G Isocycloseram (100g Isocycloseram (75g (15lb/a band @ Al/a IF @ plant) pegging)





Where we stand

- Isocycloseram applied in-furrow and chemigation has provided consistently significant reduction in pod injury
 - Provided registration support letter to EPA in May
 - Will hopefully be labeled for use in 2025
 - Initial label will not have in-furrow use
 - Need to optimize chemigation applications until infurrow use is available





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• So, what is the university's role...

• Identify needs and communicate those needs to the industry and to regulatory agencies

- Explore all options from biological to chemical
- Develop unbiased data on best management practices
- Provide education so growers can implement best practices

Thank You!